DISTRICT COURT OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

DIVISION OF ST. CROIX

ALFIA YHAN,

Plaintiff,

1:07-cv-63

v.

HOVENSA, L.L.C.,

Defendant.

ALFIA YHAN and WAYNE S. HAWLEY,

Plaintiffs,

1:10-cv-32

v.

HOVENSA, L.L.C.,

Defendant.

TO: Vincent A. Colianni, II, Esq. Andrew C. Simpson, Esq. Linda J. Blair, Esq.

ORDER GRANTING HOVENSA'S MOTION TO CONSOLIDATE

THIS MATTER came before the Court upon HOVENSA's Motion to Consolidate (1:07-cv-63, Docket No. 110; 1:10-cv-32, Docket No. 12). This order is issued without necessity of response.

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Defendant HOVENSA, L.L.C., moves to consolidate these two actions on the

grounds that the matters involve both common parties and common questions of law and

fact and that consolidation is necessary to avoid confusion of the jury and prejudice to

Defendant.

DISCUSSION

The applicable Rule of Civil Procedure governing consolidation is Rule 42(a), which

states in relevant part: "If actions before the court involve a common question of law or

fact, the court may: (1) join for hearing or trial any or all matters at issue in the actions; (2)

consolidate the actions; or (3) issue any other orders to avoid unnecessary cost or delay."

Fed. R. Civ. P. 42(a).

Rule 42(a) provides for consolidation when actions pending in the same court

"involve a common question of law or fact." Richardson v. Virgin Islands Housing Authority,

18 V.I. 351, 357 (D.V.I. 1981). Consolidation is "permitted as a matter of convenience and

economy in administration, but it does not merge the suits into a single cause, or change

the rights of the parties, or make those who are parties to one suit parties in another."

Johnson v. Manhattan Ry. Co., 289 U.S. 479, 496-97 (1933). The moving party bears the

burden of proof on a motion to consolidate. Borough of Olyphant v. PPL Corp., 153 F. App'x

80, 82 (3d Cir. 2005) (internal citations omitted). District courts have broad discretion in

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deciding motions to consolidate. Borough of Olyphant, 153 F. App'x at 82 (citing Farahmand

v. Rumsfeld, No. 02-1236, 2002 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 22473, at *1 (E.D. Pa. Nov. 20, 2002)).

The factors the Court considers in deciding a motion to consolidate are whether: (1)

the common issue is the principle issue, (2) consolidation will cause delay in one of the

cases, and (3) consolidation will "lead to confusion or prejudice in the trial of a case."

Farahmand, 2002 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 22473, at *4 (internal citations omitted). If the evidence

in one case is not relevant to the issues in the other, the unrelated evidence would create

confusion by consolidating the two cases. Farahmand, 2002 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 22473, at *5

(internal citations omitted). An example of delay in a case would be discovery being

further along in one case than the other. Farahmand, 2002 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 22473, at *5

(internal citations omitted).

Although the matters at issue are not completely identical, the claims of Plaintiff

Yhan in the later-filed case, *Yhan v. HOVENSA*, *L.L.C.*, 1:10-cv-32, also are alleged as a claim

in the earlier case, Yhan v. HOVENSA, L.L.C., 1:07-cv-63. In fact, Plaintiffs in the second

case acknowledges filing the first case. It is clear that the cases arise from the same set of

facts and involve, at least with the retaliation claims, the same issues of law.

Although discovery has concluded in the first case, the Court agrees with Defendant

that such discovery could be utilized in the second case, leaving little discovery to be

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conducted in the second case. Thus, any delay in the first case caused by consolidation

would not be overly lengthy. The Court also agrees that in the absence of consolidation,

confusion may be caused to the juries and inconsistent verdicts may be reached that may

result in irreparable prejudice and injury to Defendant.

Consequently, the Court finds that consolidation would promote convenience and

efficiency by avoiding duplication of time, effort, and resources. At the same time, equity

and justice would be advanced by sparing Defendant of litigating against the same claims

in two separate trials.

Accordingly, it is now hereby **ORDERED**:

1. HOVENSA's Motion to Consolidate (1:07-cv-63, Docket No. 110; 1:10-cv-32,

Docket No. 12) is **GRANTED**.

2. The matters 1:07-cv-63 and 1:10-cv-32 are consolidated.

3. The caption for both cases shall appear as hereinabove.

ENTER:

Dated: August 30, 2010 /s/ George W. Cannon, Jr.

GEORGE W. CANNON, JR.

U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE